



Oxygen Optode 4835

is a compact fully integrated sensor for measuring the O₂-concentration in shallow water.

Advantages:

- Optical measurement principle
- Lifetime-based luminescence quenching principle
- Long time stability
- More than one year without recalibration
- Low maintenance needs
- User friendly
- Use with Aanderaa SmartGuard/SeaGuard
- Automatically detected and recognized
- Use as stand-alone sensor
- Output format: CANbus AiCaP, RS232
- Operating range: 0-300 meters

Since oxygen is involved in most of the biological and chemical processes in aquatic environments, it is one of the most important parameters needed to be measured. Oxygen can also be used as a tracer in oceanographic studies.

For environmental reasons it is critical to monitor oxygen in areas where the supply of oxygen is limited compared to demand, e.g.

- In shallow coastal areas with significant algae blooms
- In fjords or other areas with limited exchange of water
- Around fish farms
- Areas of interest for dumping of mine or dredging waste

The Aanderaa oxygen optodes are based on the ability of selected substances to act as dynamic fluorescence quenchers. The fluorescent indicator is a special platinum porphyrin complex embedded in a gas permeable foil that is exposed to the surrounding water. A black optical isolation coating protects the complex from sunlight and fluorescent particles in the water. This sensing

foil is attached to a sapphire window providing optical access for the measuring system from inside a watertight housing.

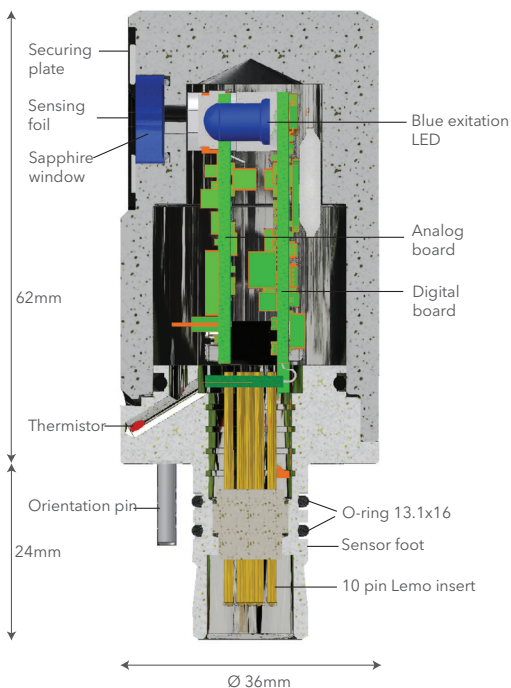
The lifetime-based luminescence quenching principle offers the following advantages over electro-chemical sensors:

- Not stirring sensitive (it consumes no oxygen)
- Less affected by fouling
- Measures absolute oxygen concentrations without repeated calibrations
- Better long-term stability
- Less affected by pressure
- Pressure behaviour is predictable
- Faster response time

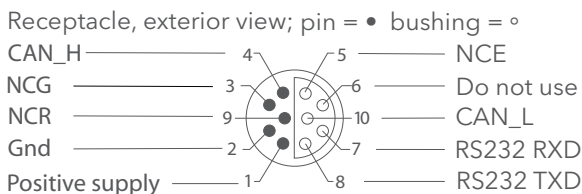
The oxygen optode outputs data in AiCaP CANbus and RS-232. The sensor can present the O₂ concentration in µM, the Air Saturation in % and the Temperature in °C.

The SmartGuard and SeaGuard data logger and the smart sensor are interfaced by means of a reliable CANbus interface (AiCaP), using XML for plug and play capabilities.

OXYGEN OPTODE 4835



PIN CONFIGURATION



Operating Principle

The sensing foil is excited by modulated blue light; the sensor measures the phase of the returned red light. For improved stability the optode also performs a reference phase reading by use of a red LED that do not produce fluorescence in the foil. The sensor has an incorporated temperature thermistor which enables linearization and temperature compensation of the phase measurements to provide the absolute O₂-concentration.

Cable from sensor to:	Cable
PC with waterproof CSP, RS-232	4865
Seaguard as sixth sensor on top-end plate	4999
Seaguard with waterproof top end plate connection	4793
User furnished data logger, CSP to free end	4762

Oxygen: O₂-Concentration Air Saturation
Measurement Range: 0 - 500 µM⁽¹⁾ 0 - 150%
Resolution: < 1 µM 0.4 %
Accuracy: <8 µM or 5%⁽²⁾ <5 %⁽³⁾
 whichever is greater

Response Time (63%): <25 sec

Temperature:
Range: -5 to +40°C (23 - 104°F)

Resolution: 0.01°C (0.018°F)

Accuracy: ±0.1°C (0.18°F)⁽⁴⁾

Response Time (63%): <10 sec

Output format: AiCaP CANbus, RS-232

Output parameters: O₂-Concentration in µM, Air Saturation in %, Temperature in °C, Oxygen raw data and Temperature raw data

Sampling interval: 2 sec - 255 min

Supply voltage: 5 to 14Vdc

Current drain:
Average: 0.16 +48mA/S where S is sampling interval in seconds

Maximum: 100mA

Quiescent: 0.16mA

Operating depth: 0 - 300m (0 - 984.3ft)

Elec. connection: 10-pin receptacle mating plug CSP

Dimensions (WxDxH): Ø36 x 86mm (Ø1.4" x 3.4")

Weight: 118g (4.16oz)

Materials: Titanium, Hostaform (POM)

Accessories: Standard Foil Service Kit 4733 PSt
 AiCap extension cable with CSP 4793

(not included): CSP to free end cable 4762

CSP to PC cable 4865

Set-up and config Cable 855⁽⁵⁾/
 3855A⁽⁵⁾

⁽¹⁾ O₂ concentration in µM = µmol/l. To obtain mg/l, divide by 31.25
⁽²⁾ requires salinity compensation for salinity variation > 1mS/cm, and pressure compensation for pressure > 100 meter
⁽³⁾ within calibrated range 0 - 120%
⁽⁴⁾ within calibrated range 0 - 36°C
⁽⁵⁾ only for laboratory use

Specifications subject to change without prior notice.



CSP. Cylindrical Sealing Plug



Foil Service Kit 4733/4794. PSt₃